Mark schemes

Q1.

| | T | |
|-------|----------------------|---|
| | Extended | Response shows holistic approach to the question |
| | Abstract | with a fully integrated answer which makes clear |
| | Abstract | links between several different topics and the theme |
| | Generalised beyond | of the question. |
| | specific context | Biology is detailed and comprehensive A-level |
| 21-25 | Specific context | content, uses appropriate terminology, and is very |
| | | well written and always clearly explained. |
| | | No significant errors or irrelevant material. |
| | | For top marks in the band, the answer shows |
| | | evidence of reading beyond specification |
| | | requirements. |
| | Relational | Response links several topics to the main theme of |
| | | the question, to form a series of interrelated points |
| | Integrated into a | which are clearly explained. |
| | whole | Biology is fundamentally correct A-level content and |
| 40.00 | | contains some points which are detailed, though |
| 16-20 | | there may be some which are less well developed, |
| | | with appropriate use of terminology. |
| | | Perhaps one significant error and, or, one irrelevant |
| | | topic which detracts from the overall quality of the |
| | | answer. |
| | Multistructural | Response mostly deals with suitable topics but they |
| | | are not interrelated and links are not made to the |
| | Several aspects | theme of the question. |
| 44.45 | covered but they are | Biology is usually correct A-level content, though it |
| 11-15 | unrelated | lacks detail. It is usually clearly explained and |
| | | generally uses appropriate terminology. |
| | | Some significant errors and, or, more than one |
| | | irrelevant topic. |
| | Unistructural | Response predominantly deals with only one or two |
| | | topics that relate to the question. |
| | Only one or few | Biology presented shows some superficial A-level |
| 6.40 | aspects covered | content that may be poorly explained, lacking in |
| 6-10 | | detail, or show limited use of appropriate |
| | | terminology. |
| | | May contain a number of significant errors and, or, |
| | | irrelevant topics. |
| | Unfocused | Response only indirectly addresses the theme of the |
| | | question and merely presents a series of biological |
| | | facts which are usually descriptive in nature or poorly |
| 1-5 | | explained and at times may be factually incorrect. |
| | | Content and terminology is generally below A-level. |
| | | May contain a large number of errors and, or, |
| | | irrelevant topics. |
| 0 | | Nothing of relevance or no response. |

Commentary on terms and statements in the levels mark scheme

The levels mark scheme for the essay contains a number of words and statements that are open to different interpretations. This commentary defines the meanings of these words and statements in the context of marking the essay. Many words and statements are used in the descriptions of more than one level of response. The definitions of these remain the same throughout.

| Levels mark scheme word/statement | Definition |
|---|---|
| Holistic | Synoptic, drawing from different topics (usually sections of the specification) |
| A fully integrated answer which makes clear links between several different topics and the | All topics relate to the title and theme of the essay; for example, explaining the biological importance of a process. |
| theme of the question. | When considering, for example, the importance of a process, the explanation must be at A-level standard. |
| | 'Several' here is defined as at least four topic areas from the specification covered. This means some sentences, not just a word or two. It does not mean using many examples from one topic area. |
| Biology is detailed and comprehensive A-level content, | Detailed and comprehensive A-level content is the specification content. |
| uses appropriate terminology, and is very well written and always clearly explained. | Terminology is that used in the specification. |
| always clearly explained. | Well written and clearly explained refers mainly to biological content and use of terminology. Prose, handwriting and spelling are secondary considerations. Phonetic spelling is accepted, unless examiners are instructed not to do so for particular words; for example, glucagon, glucose and glycogen. |
| No significant errors or irrelevant material. | A significant error is one which significantly detracts from the biological accuracy or correctness of a described example. This will usually involve more than one word. |
| | Irrelevant material is several lines (or more) that clearly fails to address the title, or the theme of the title. |
| For top marks in the band, the answer shows evidence of reading beyond specification requirements. | An example that is relevant to the title and is not required in the specification content. The example must be used at A-level standard. |
| Response mostly deals with suitable topics but they are not interrelated and links are not made to the theme of the question. | Not addressing the biological theme of the essay (eg importance) at A-level standard. |

The mechanisms and importance of transport within organisms.

- 3.1.3 Phospholipids
- 3.1.4 Proteins
- 3.1.6 ATP
- 3.1.7 Water
- 3.2.1.1 Structure of eukaryotic cells
- 3.2.2 All cells arise from other cells
- 3.2.3 Transport across cell membranes
- 3.2.4 Cell recognition and the immune system
- 3.3.1 Surface area to volume ratio
- 3.3.2 Gas exchange
- 3.3.3 Digestion and absorption
- 3.3.4.1 Mass transport in animals
- 3.3.4.2 Mass transport in plants
- 3.4.2 DNA and protein synthesis
- 3.4.3 Genetic diversity can arise as a result of mutation or during meiosis
- 3.5.1 Photosynthesis
- 3.5.2 Respiration
- 3.6.1.1 Survival and response (IAA)
- 3.6.1.2 Receptors
- 3.6.1.3 Control of heart rate
- 3.6.2.1 Nerve impulses
- 3.6.2.2 Synaptic transmission
- 3.6.3 Skeletal muscles
- 3.6.4.1 Principles of homeostasis and negative feedback
- 3.6.4.2 Control of blood glucose concentration
- 3.6.4.3 Control of blood water potential
- 3.8.1 Alteration of the sequence of bases in DNA can alter the structure of proteins
- 3.8.2.2 Regulation of transcription and translation
- 3.8.2.3 Gene expression and cancer

In order to fully address the question and reach the highest mark bands students must also include at least four topics in their answer, to demonstrate a synoptic approach to the essay.

Students may be able to show the relevance of other topics from the specification.

Note, other topics from beyond the specification can be used, providing they relate to the title and contain factually correct material of at least an A-level standard. Credit should not be given for topics beyond the specification which are below A-level standard.

Q2.

| (a) | Aorta | 6 | Pulmonary vein | 1 |
|-----|------------------------------------|---|------------------------------|---|
| | Left atrioventricular valve | 3 | Left semi-lunar valve | 5 |
| | Right atrioventricular valve | | Vena cava | |
| | Left atrium | 2 | Left ventricle | 4 |
| | Right atrium | | Right ventricle | |
| | Pulmonary artery | | Right semi-lunar valve | |

All correct 2 marks,

3-4 correct 1 mark,

0-2 correct **0 marks**

Ignore numbers 7-12
Penalise more than one use of numbers 1-6

(b) 1. (Rest to medium-intensity exercise)
Increased stroke volume **and** increased heart rate;

Accept description of increased stroke volume

2. (Medium-intensity exercise to high-intensity exercise) Increased heart rate;

Reject reference to increase stroke volume here. 1 and 2 Ignore figures.

- (c) 1. Arteriole;
 - 2. (Circular/smooth) muscle relaxes;
 - 3. Vasodilation increases blood flow

OR

Widens/dilates (lumen of) blood vessel so increases blood flow;

3

2

Q3.

(a) One mark for each row.

If values do not match the given unit, **max 1**.

| Concentration of copper sulfate solution/ | Volume of 100 g kg ⁻¹ copper sulfate solution / | Volume of water / | |
|---|--|-------------------|--|
| g kg ⁻¹ | <u>cm³</u> | cm³ | |
| 75 | 22.5 | 7.5 | |

Accept dm3 / mm3 for volume unit.

Accept 0.0225/2.25 × 10⁻²/22 500 and 0.0075/7.5 × 10^{-3} /7500

Ignore units in 2nd row.

Do not accept mm⁻³/cm⁻³/dm⁻³/ml

(b) 1. Density of 10% protein solution = 1.028;

2. More dense (than 25 g kg⁻¹ copper sulfate solution);

(c) 16.5 and 22;

Must be in correct order

2

2

1

(d) Any **three** from:

(Tom)

- 1. (Healthy donor) not allowed to donate;
- 2. Less blood collected OR

Fewer patients treated;

3. Cause Tom anxiety (about his health);

(Lucy)

- 4. (Gives blood) when it may not be safe (for her) to do so;
- 5. (Her blood) may not help patients;
- 6. Her (missed) low haemoglobin goes untreated;

Max 2 for either Tom or Lucy

If no credit awarded, max 1 mark for idea of too little haemoglobin left to carry oxygen in blood

OR

reduced oxygen to respiring tissues

3 max

Q4.

(a) 1. Enters by diffusion;

Reject facilitated diffusion 'down a diffusion gradient' = 2 marks

2. **Down** a concentration gradient

OR

From high to low pO₂;

'down a diffusion gradient' = 2 marks Reject 'along' for 'down' Accept description of O₂ is always higher in the water than the lugworm

- 3. More/most across parts of body with gills;
- 4. Gills provide a larger surface area for absorption;

 Accept Gills increase SA:volume ratio
- 5. 8.8 (kPa) over gills;
- 6. 2.4 (kPa rest of body surface) / 1.9 (kPa front end before gills) / 0.5 (kPa rear end after gills);

4 max

(b) Correct answer for 3 marks, $9.3 \times 10^{-6} / 0.000 \ 0093;;;$ Accept correct rounding of 9.3×10^{-6}

MP1 – correct reading from graph (1.5)

MP2 - correct rearrangement of equation

 $(CdO_2 = 0.000 \ 031 \times their \ pO_2)$

MP3 – their $CdO_2 \times 0.2$

OR

their CdO₂ ÷ 5

- (c) 1. (Measure light) absorption/transmission;
 - 2. Interpolate/draw line to curve/line then to pO₂

OR

Read off (pO₂ figure) against absorbance/transmission value obtained;

Accept 'absorbance' for absorption

2

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Q5.
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(a) 1. (ls) charged/polar

OR

(Is) part of haem(oglobin);

Accept Fe²⁺ **OR** Fe³⁺ for 'charged'

2. (So) binds/associates/loads (with) oxygen

OR

(So) forms oxyhaemoglobin

OR

(So) transports oxygen;

Accept 'carries for transports

(b) 1. Less/no ferroportin hydrolysis/breakdown;

Accept 'channel protein' for ferroportin

(So) more ferroportin (in cell-surface membranes);
 Accept 'channel protein' for ferroportin
 Accept 'many' for more

3. (So) more iron (ion) transport **from** cytoplasm/cell; Accept 'many' for more

(c) Correct answer for 2 marks = 30.52:1 / 30.5:1 / 31:1;;

Accept for 1 mark,

31 (ratio not given)

OR

30:1 (incorrect rounding)

OR

200 (correct mass in healthy person)

OR

1526 (correct iron concentration in person with haemochromatosis)

OR

6104 : 200 (correct ratio, but not simplified)

Accept for 1 mark any correct ratio (not simplified)
e.g. 763:25 or 1526:50

2

Q6.

(a) Accept for 2 marks, three correct responses, one of which MUST be MP1.

Accept for 1 mark, any two correct responses.

1. Carry with blade protected

OR

Do not carry if likely to be jostled;

Accept for 'protected', e.g. in tray **OR** pointing down

- 2. Cut away from body;
- 3. Cut onto hard surface;

Accept for 'hard surface', e.g. board **OR** tile. Ignore 'flat'

- 4. Use sharp blade;
- 5. Disinfect/dispose of used scalpel (blade) as instructed;

Accept for 'as Instructed', eg in tray/beaker/as directed (by teacher)

More than one correct answer can be given in each cell row

Ignore wear safety glasses **OR** gloves Ignore 'no running'

Ignore washing **OR** disinfecting hands/surfaces
Ignore taking care **OR** act safely **OR** keep away

from fingers

(b) Accept for 2 marks, 6150;;

Accept for 1 mark,

82 (correct blood volume pumped in one heartbeat)

OR

Evidence of 120 and 38 (correct readings from graph)

OR

75 (correct heart rate, bpm)

OR

e.c.f. from graph, e.g. 120 - 40 = 80 and $80 \times 75 = 6000$;

(c) 1. Treatment 2 reduces bp/risk more (than treatment 1)

OR

Treatment 2 is more effective (than treatment 1)

2. Neither treatment achieves ideal bp

OR

Neither treatment achieves low(est) risk;

- 3. With treatment 1, patients (still) have high bp/ 20.3 bp so (still) at high risk
- 4. With treatment 2, patients in pre-high bp/18 bp so (still) at higher risk than normal;
- 5. No statistics test so do not know if changes/differences (in bp) are significant

OR

No statistics test so do not know if changes/differences (in bp) are due to chance;

*Reject 'results are significant'

- 6. Unknown side effects of treatment(s);
- 7. Unknown duration of treatments;
- 8. Large sample size so results representative;

4 max

Q7.

(a) Two marks for three correct answers, one mark for two correct answers;;

(Left amino acid) Serine

(Middle amino acid) Alanine

(Right amino acid) Aspartic (acid)

Accept phonetic spellings

(b) One mark for each correct row

| DNA | ATP | Reverse transcriptase | Phospholipi d |
|----------|-----|-----------------------|------------------|
| | | ✓ | |
| ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| √ | | ✓ | |

3

2

(c) Correct answer of 574 (amino acids) = 2 marks;;

573.99936 = 1 mark

OR

146/145.99986 = 1 mark

OR

287 = 1 mark

OR

292 = 1 mark;

2

- (d) Accept curve drawn to the right, following the same pattern and starting at Y = 0 and finishing at the same percentage saturation as original curve;
- (e) 1. During exercise

OR

At low pO₂ (in the tissues);

Accept 'high altitude' or 'lack of red blood cells' for 'exercise'

Accept when there is a high pCO₂ (in the tissues)

Accept at low concentration of O₂ (in the tissues)

2. (Allowing) more oxygen for respiration

OR

(Allowing) more aerobic respiration

ÒR

To delay anaerobic respiration;

Accept descriptions of aerobic respiration, eg more oxygen to act as a terminal electron acceptor
Accept oxygen can unload/dissociate easier/more readily for respiration

2

[10]